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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/684,336	10/10/2000	Tetsuyuki Kaneko	040256/0120	2188
7:	590 05/21/2002			
David A. Blumenthal Foley & Lardner 3000 K Street, N.W, Suite 500			EXAMINER	
			CUNEO, KAMAND	
P. O. Box 2569 Washington, Do	6 C 20007-8696		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2 ,			2827 DATE MAILED: 05/21/2002	8

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Group Art Unit	Ne	
-The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	s on the cover sheet b	eneath the correspondence add	ress	
Peri df r Reply				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE 3	MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILIN	NG DATE	
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute 	oly within the statutory minimexpire SIX (6) MONTHS from	num of thirty (30) days will be considered in the mailing date of this communication	timely.	
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3/29 This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for allowance except accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935	for formal matters, pros	ecution as to the merits is close		
Disp sition of Claims				
○ Claim(s)	is/are pending in the applic	ation.		
Of the above claim(s) 7 - 10		is/are withdrawn from cons	ideration.	
□ Claim(s)				
€ Claim(s) 1 - 6			•	
☐ Claim(s)				
□ Claim(s)			olootion	
		requirement.	election	
Application Papers				
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing		C Paragraphic		
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on is/are object	• •	⊔ disapproved.		
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	ed to by the Examiner.			
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.				
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)				
Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority un All Some* None of the CERTIFIED copies of t received. received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number received in this national stage application from the Inter	he priority documents h	ave been		
*Certified copies not received:				
Attachm nt(s)				
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No.	nterview Summary, PTO-413			
☐ Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892	1	☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTQ-152		
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948		☐ Other		

U. S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 9-97)

*U.S. GPO: 1997-433-221/62717

Office Acti n Summary

Part of Paper No. __

2

Art Unit: 2841

DETAILED ACTION

Treatment of Claims Based on Prior Art

1. 35 USC 103(a) states:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Obviousness under 35 USC 103(a) is determined against a background established by the factual inquires set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), which are summarized in items 1-4 below.

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 USC 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 USC 103(c) and potential 35 USC 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Steyert, Jr. (US

Art Unit: 2841

4171464, hereafter Steyert).

Steyert discloses a wire with superconducting filaments (20) and a metallic covering (18) and ceramic (for example alumina) filaments (22) buried in the surface of the metal covering.

Steyert discloses the claimed invention except for the superconductor being of the oxide type (claim 1). Specifically, he does not disclose the superconductor to be of the Bi type (claim 5), and does not disclose that the metal covering is silver (claim 6). Nevertheless, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to use oxide type superconductors, in particular Bi based ones, to increase the current capacity and increase the required operating temperature, because use of Bi based oxide superconductors is old. Further, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to use silver as the metal covering, because silver is the standard covering metal for oxide superconductors due to its inertness and its oxygen permeability. It has also been held that use of known materials based on their suitability for the intended is within the level of ordinary skill. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Steyert does not teach the claim because the ceramic material is within and throughout the core of the metal covering. This argument is not persuasive because the claim recites that the ceramic material be "buried in a surface" of the metal covering. Even if this surface is the outer surface, there is nothing precluding the existence of the ceramic material within the core as well. The claim is an open-ended claim with a "comprising" transitional phrase.

Applicant argues that the reason for incorporating the ceramic in the Steyert reference is

Art Unit: 2841

different from that of applicant. This is a moot point. The structure of the claim is disclosed by Steyert. Therefore, any benefits which may result from it are inherently provided. Furthermore, applicant does not claim any means plus function in the claims. Therefore, the arguments on functionality are moot given what is actually claimed.

Applicant concludes that the present invention and Steyert are different in construction. The only difference articulated is that of the ceramic material being throughout the metal covering. This configuration, however, is not precluded by the scope of the claim as discussed above. Therefore, there is no difference in construction between the *claimed invention* and Steyert.

Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

- 6. This application contains claims drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in Paper No.
- 5. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancelation of nonelected claims or other

Art Unit: 2841

appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

Closing

5

7. Any inquiries related to the examination of this application should be directed to Ex. K. Cuneo at (703) 308-1233 or her supervisor Ex. J Gaffin at (703) 308-3301. Inquiries of a general nature should be directed to the receptionist of Group 2800 at (703) 308-0956. The fax numbers for Group 2800 are (703) 308-7722 and 7724.

K. Cuneo

Primary Examiner Group 2841

May 18, 2002